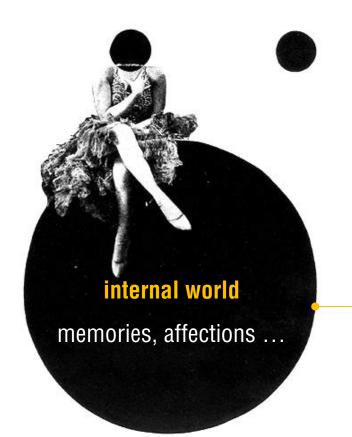
Surfacing the Invisible

Multiple perceptions as framing device for identifying relational places

Urban reality is composed by internal and external relationships.

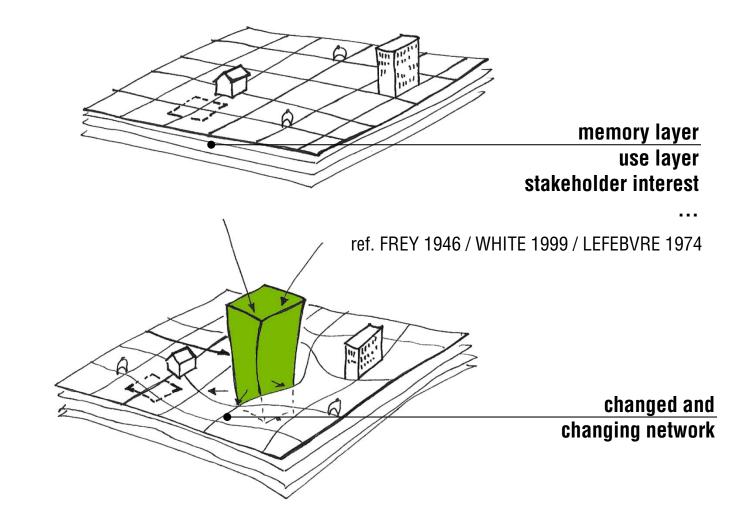
Architectural tools aren't sufficient to capture 'invisible' dimensions.



external 'visible' world material world

ref. LEFEBVRE 1974 / TIESSEN 2007 / BUCHANAN 2012

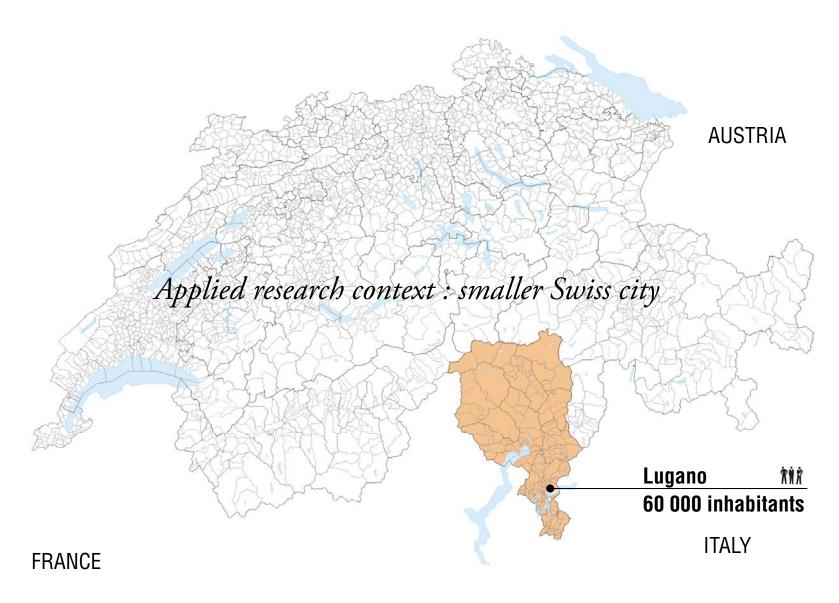
Everything is inserted in a network, that changes and is changed by new interventions.





Research objective Surfacing the invisible

GERMANY















AREA LAC

2002 Competition

New cultural center with concert hall, theatre, a museum, park, luxury residences and a car park.

180 million Chf project

Opening 2014

AREA PALACONGRESSI

1975 Opening

Congress center with large concert hall, restaurant, congress spaces. Hosts a variety of cultural events.

2006 new carpark and public space in front

2012 in discussion to be demolished

AREA STUDIO FOCE

1938 Opening Radiostudio

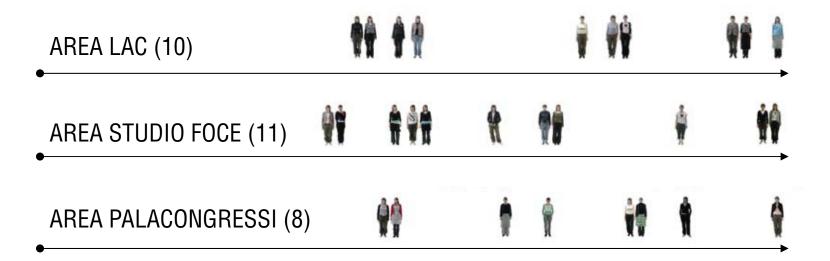
Off-space cultural center with theatre, a bar, a DVD library, a small library, a music school.

2002 extensive renovation

2012 Extended with a new music hall



Sampling



4 MONTHS / 29 INTERVIEWS

(03/2012-06/2012)

Research method: Narrative interview technique

#1 Part - personal questions

What do people see and observe?
What do they cherish?

Where do they pass day-after-day?

Which places serve the people's well-being?

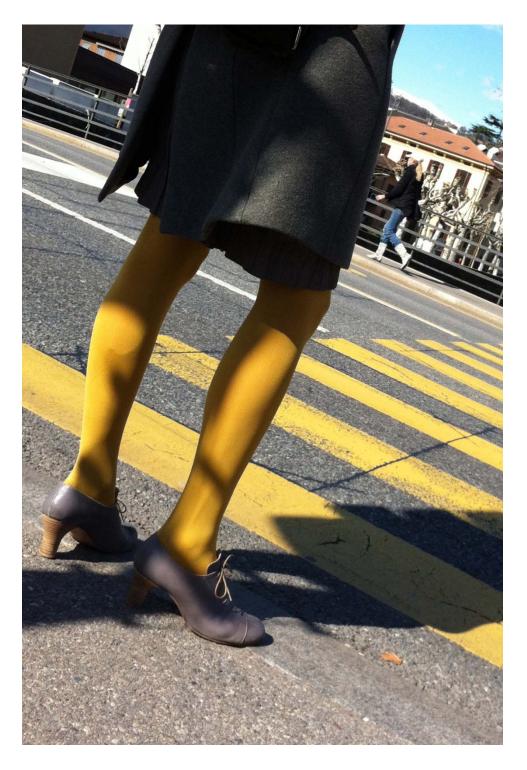
Which are their affective places?

Literature: BOJE 2011 / PEARCE 2008 / JENSEN 2007 / SCHATZI 2003

#2 Part - key projects

What do they know about them?
Are they interested in them?
What do they hope they will become?
How do they relate to the existing environment?
What change might they provoke?



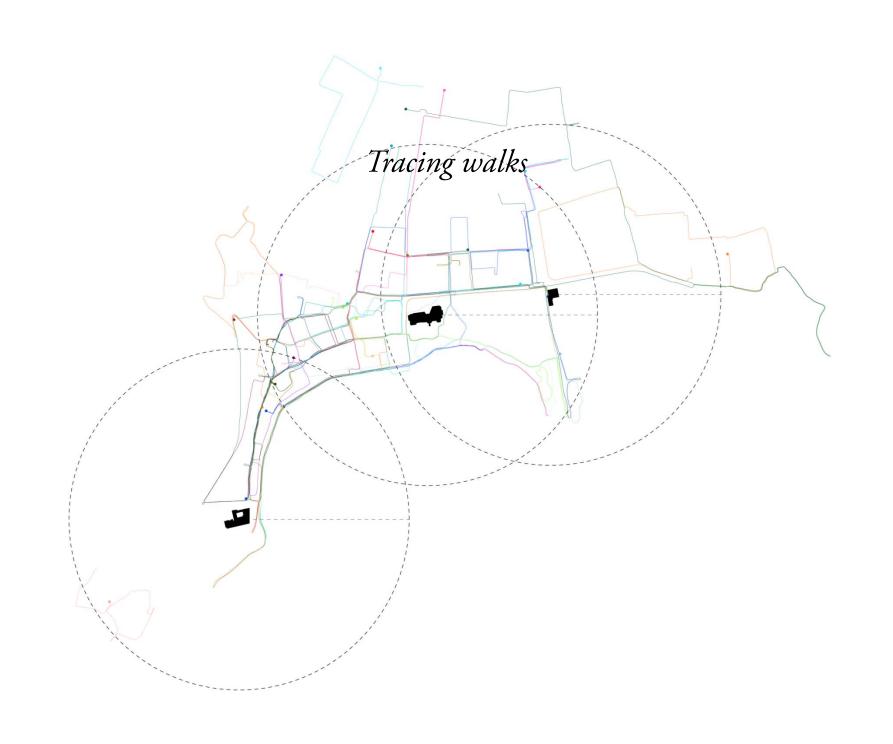


#3 Part - Explorative walk

10-30 minutes

Last question:

From all the mentioned places, which one do you feel particularly attached to?







Analysis: List of identity points

Places carriers of memories.

*

Extraction of all places that have a collective notion, hence stories could have been experienced also by others.

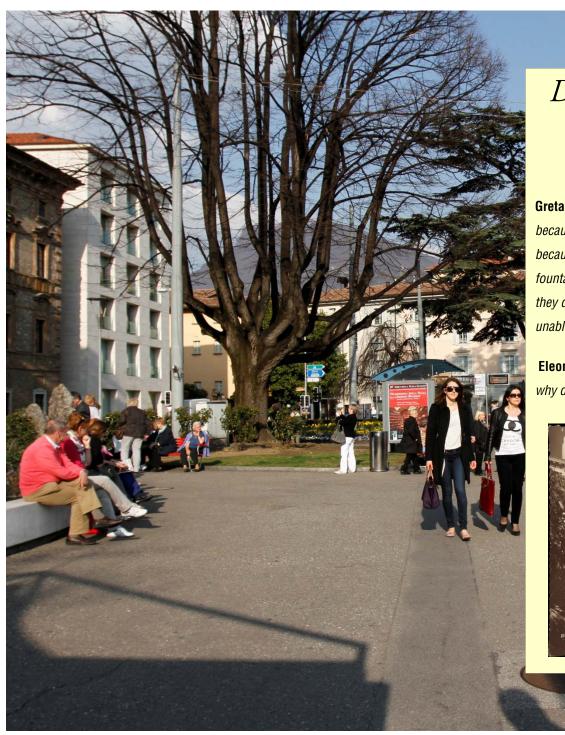
*

Representative and non-representative places emerge!

Level of consciousness

Dead place	Floating place	Lasting Place	Malleable place	Moving place
«There was a nice garden»	«There was a nice garden. We always went. I miss that atmosphere, because today there is»	«There is a nice place, I already came there when I was a child.«	«There is a nice place, but in the past it was slightly better.»	"Here we have this wonderful building. I don't understand why they don't do anything about it."
Place exists only in the memory. Indicates lack of meaning in the contemporary reality.	Place exists in the memory or as an empty shell.	Place exists in the same manner as in the story.	Place exists in the same manner as in the story.	Place exists and stimulates actions.
	Nostalgy. They desire it back to life.	No nostalgy. Some alternations are accepted.	Nostalgy. Alternations aren't always accepted.	No nostalgy. New images emerge.
Inspiration source for a new setting, program or form.	Inspiration source for a new setting, program or form.	No improvement needed.	Improvement possible.	Inspiration source for new project in the place.

or form.



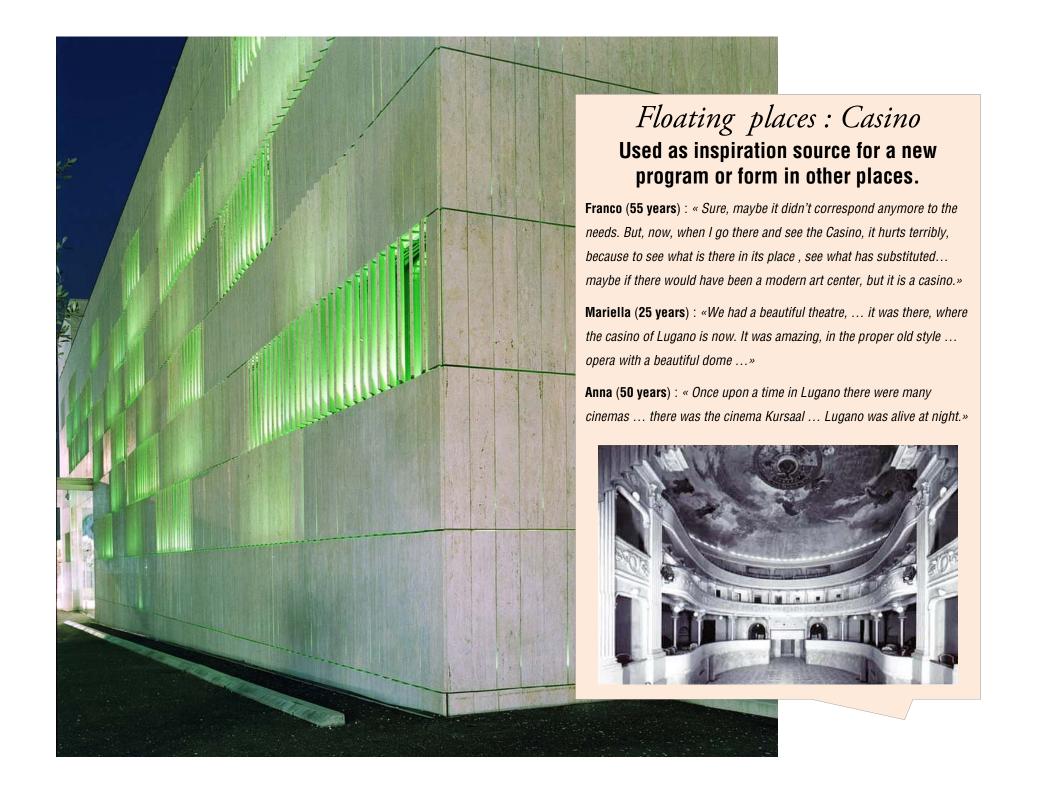
Dead places: piazza Manzoni

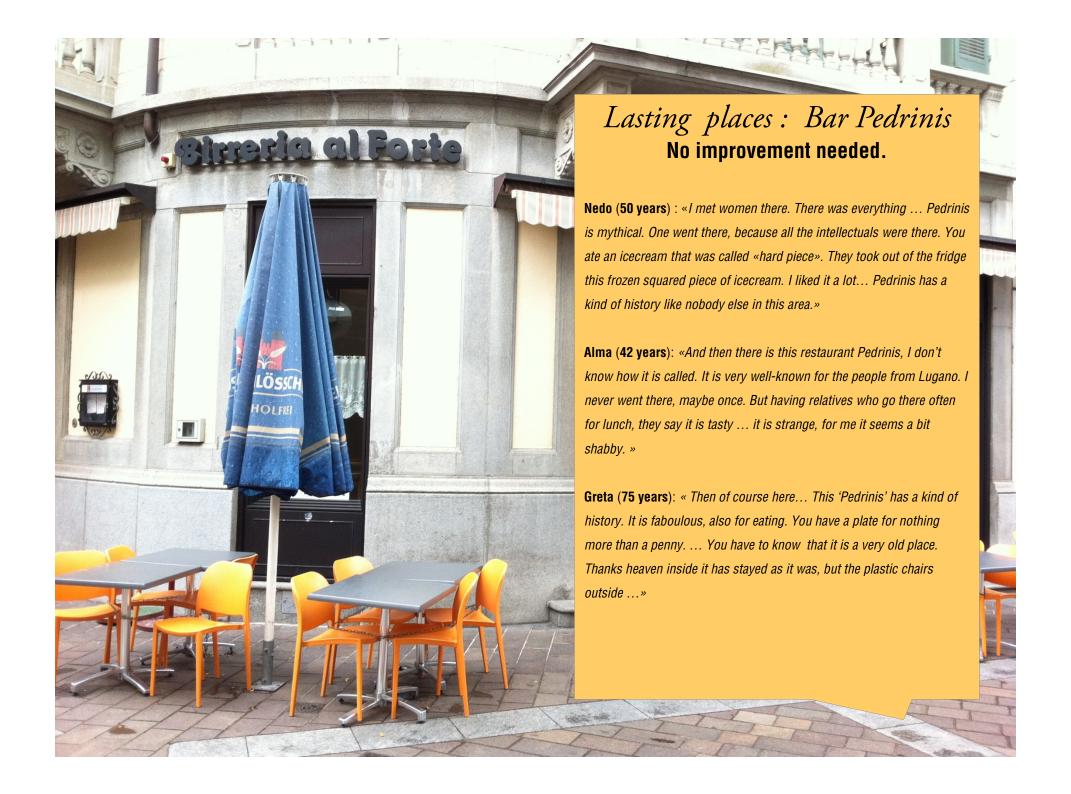
Used as inspiration source for a new program or form in other places.

Greta (75 years): "Here was all green, more grass. They put cement, because they wanted to enlarge the square. But I don't think it is right, because the pittoresque of Lugano and of that very square with its fountains is the green. That is the romanticism of this town. (...) For me, they destroyed it completely. It's very cheap (...) For sure you were unable to sit, but there was a natural beauty to it."

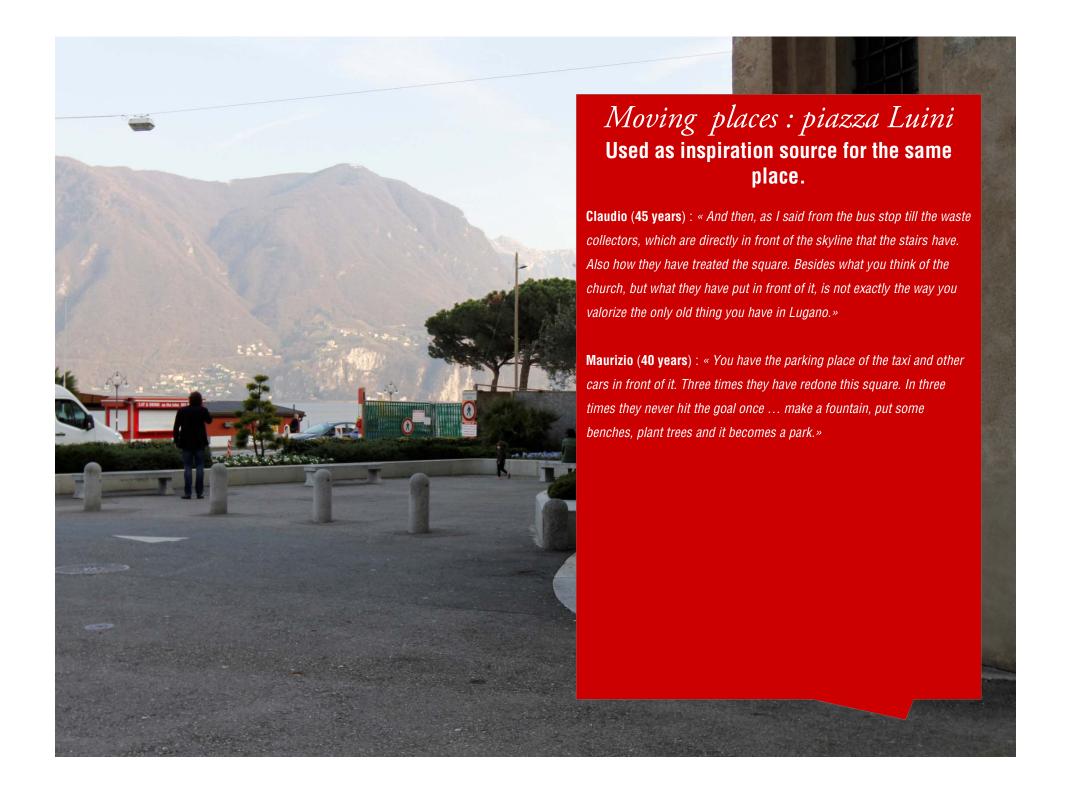
Eleonora (**35 years**) : *«It was called piazza Giardino. What do you think, why did they change the name?»*



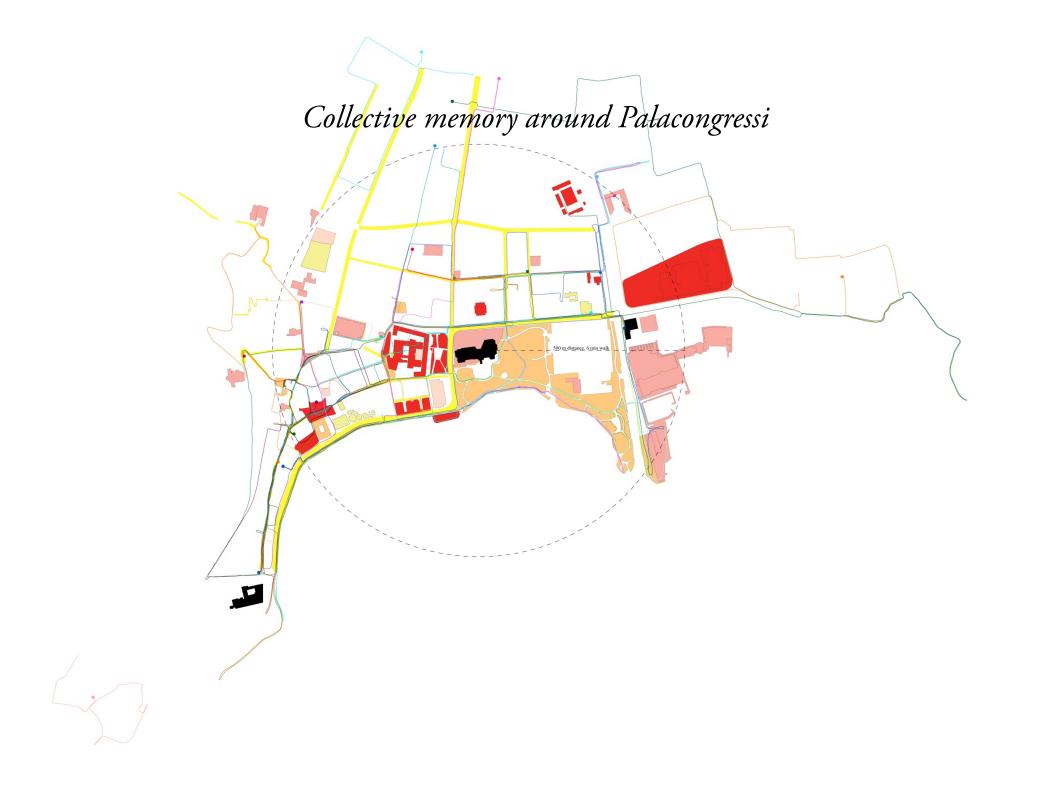


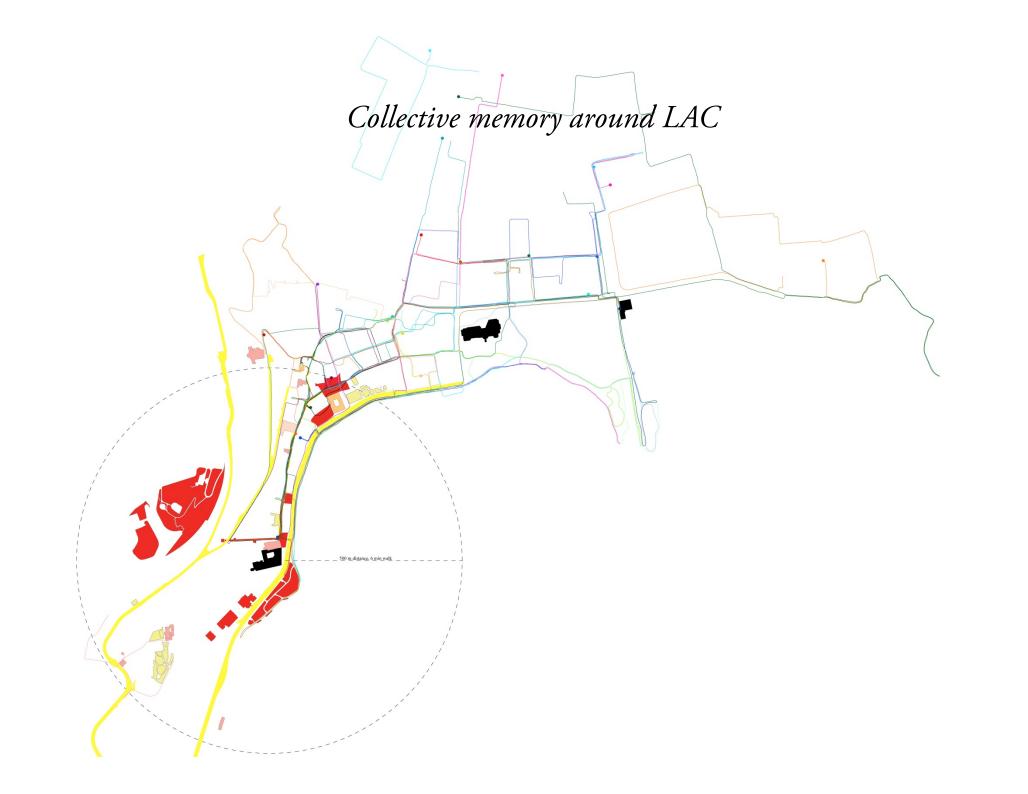






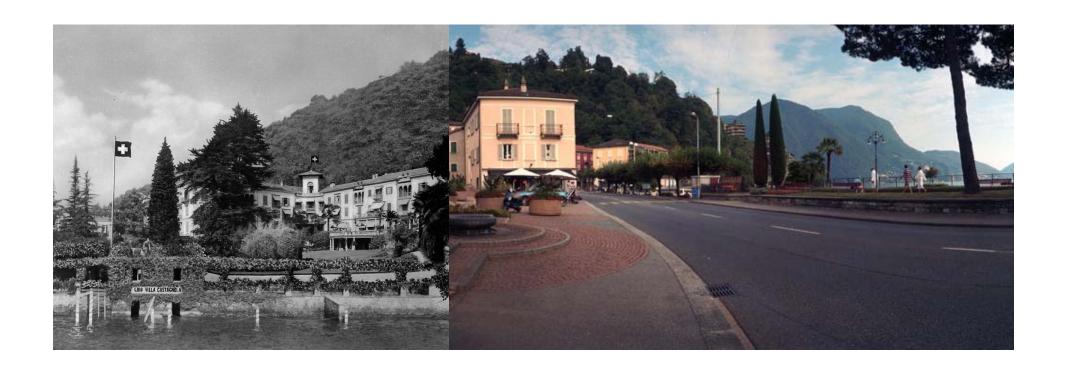






Challenge in representing the invisible

«It has a marvellous park, it also had gravel tennis courts, I remember that. That is a difficult thing to find nowadays. Then there was this neat garden, because the people who came to this hotel loved to be in the garden. Not only the inside with the hall and the suites. The important thing was the garden, the contact with the nature, beautiful.»



Outcome

- 1. Stories materialize, also past, become visible identity points (*surfacing the invisible*).
- 2. Identity points ranging from representational to less conspicuous buildings and places.
- Identity points are switchers. They aren't stable, but still they indicate which street to choose by offering a framework for new projects.

Advantages

- Promise to trace the atmosphere of an area with its emerging societies and themes. Hence, reduce the risk to destroy their up-coming and enable supportive actions.
- 2. Describe **identity points** based on various territorial aspects (material traces, nature, topography, presence other human beings) including aspects of **history** and **well-being**. Hence, enables to take reference in the existing without being bound to nostalgia.
- 3. Offer a differentiated view on reality acknowledging the view of citizens as co-creators in the process.



Fine.

This is a first step to surface the invisible relations in the urban context.

Now the challenge is to visualize this invisible framework without loosing it.

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