Curriculum Vitae Andrea Pellegrini

PhD candidate in Economics, Università della Svizzera italiana (Lugano, Switzerland) Business address: Via Maderno 24, CP 4361, CH-6904, Lugano Telephone: +41 58 666 47 85 E-mail: <u>andrea.pellegrini@usi.ch</u> <u>Skype: andrea_statistica</u>

PERSONAL DETAILS

DETAILS	
Date of birth:	6 May 1988
Nationality:	Italian
Residence:	Via Clemente Maraini 15, 6900, Lugano, Switzerland
Telephone:	+39 3335250356 / +41 762637208
RESEARCH IN T E R E S TS	Travel Demand Modelling, Transportation Planning, Choice Modelling and Econometrics, Travel Behavior Analysis, Time series
EDUCATION	
01/2014 - present:	PhD candidate in Economics, Institute for Economic Research (IRE), Università della Svizzera italiana (USI), Lugano, Switzerland
	Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Rico Maggi
09/2018 - 11/2018	Visiting PhD Student, Centre for <i>i</i> nfrastructure, Sustainable Transportation and Urban Planning, Department of Civil Engineering, Indian Institute of Science (IISc), Bengaluru, Karnataka, India - Short visit
02/2018 - 03/2018	Visiting PhD Student, Centre for <i>i</i> nfrastructure, Sustainable Transportation and Urban Planning, Department of Civil Engineering, Indian Institute of Science (IISc) Bengaluru, Karnataka, India - Short visit
02/2013 - 06/2013:	Erasmus Programme in transport economics, Vrije Universiteit Business School, Amsterdam, The Netherlands
10/2011 - 07/2013:	Master of Science in Statistics, University of Bologna, Italy
	Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Miglio
	Dissertation: Impact of temperature on mortality: A survival analysis approach
	Final grade: 110/110 cum laude
10/2007 - 11/2010:	Bachelor of Science in Statistics, University of Milano Bicocca, Italy
	Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Mezzanzanica
	Dissertation: Evolution of business intelligence information system: Case study on Oracle Industry

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

10/2014 - present:	Lecturer in Statistics for tourism, Fondazione Campus, University of Pisa, Italy
	Main duties: giving lectures on statistics using excel
11/2013 - present:	Researcher at the Tourism Observatory (O-Tur), Institute for Economic Research (IRE), USI, Lugano, Switzerland
	<i>Main duties:</i> analyzing tourism demand in the Ticino Canton and forecasting the long run flows of tourists overnight stays by applying SARIMA model
12/2010 - 05/2011:	Internship in Statistics, County of Milan, Milan, Italy

Main duties: collecting data on public transport with the aim of providing statistics for public policies.

10/2009 - 12/2009: Oracle Italia, Milan, Italy

Main duties: analyzing sales process of Oracle's products

REFEREE AND EDITORIAL SERVICE

Referee for: Journal of Choice Modelling

DOCTORAL COURSES

07/2017:	Advanced Choice Modelling course. Prof. Hess, Dr. Dekker. University of Leeds. 2 ETCS
07/2015:	Quantitative Methods for Public Policy Evaluation. Prof. Litsching. University Pompeu Fabra. 1.5 ECTS
07/2015:	Dynamic and Non-linear Panel Data Models. Prof. Martin. University Pompeu Fabra. 1.5 ECTS
07/2015:	Econometrics of Cross-section Data with Applications. Prof. Garcia. University Pompeu Fabra. 1.5 ECTS
06/2015:	Health Economics and Policy. Prof. Gagliardini, Prof. Greene. USI. 3 ECTS
06/2015:	Summer School on Transportation Economics. Prof. Basso, Prof. Brueckner, Prof. De Palma, Prof. Fosgerau, Prof. Lindsey, Prof. Small, Prof. Van Ommeren, Prof. Verhoef, Prof. West. Institute of Transport Economics. 3 ECTS
06/2015:	Time Series Analysis. Prof. Gagliardini, Prof. Trojani. USI. 3 ECTS
03/2015:	Discrete Choice Analysis: Predicting Demand and Market Shares. Prof. Bierlaire, Prof. Ben Akiva. École polytechnique fédérale de Lausanne. 4 ECTS
01/2015:	Stata Econometrics Winter School. Porto Business School. 2.5 ECTS
12/2014	Forecasting and Macroeconomic Modelling using EViews. Prof. Holly. Cass Business School. 1.8 ETCS
09/2014	Topics in Microeconometrics with Applications to Energy and Environmental Economics. Prof. Manera, Prof. Chizzolini, Prof. Galeotti. Centro Interuniversitario di Econometria (CIDE) and University of Palermo. 4 ECTS
05/2014	Microeconomics. Prof Femminis. Catholic University of the Scared Heart. 7 ECTS
01/2014:	Financial Econometrics. Prof. Gagliardini. USI. 3 ETCS

LANGUAGE SKILLS

Italian	Mother tongue
English	C1
Spanish	B1

COMPUTER KNOWLEDGE

Proficient:	Microsoft Office, Stata, R
Intermediate:	Biogeme, Python Biogeme, SPSS, EViews, Latex
Basic:	Matlab, SAS

SKILLS AND CHARACTERISTICS

Comfortable working in international and intercultural teams Ability to work to targets Good organizational skills

Major scientific achievements

The aim of my dissertation, consisting of three papers, is to investigate the determinants of individuals' discretecontinuous decisions in a setting of interest where these decisions are interrelated. In my first paper, I analyze the interconnection between mode choice and length of stay in the context of domestic trip in Switzerland, developing a single discrete-continuous choice model. To my knowledge, this is perhaps the first attempt in the tourism literature to model simultaneously these decisions. In my second paper, I explore tourists' travel expenditure behavior and propose the joint adoption of two microeconometric approaches, namely the Stochastic Frontier (SF) and the Multiple Discrete Continuous Extreme Value model (MDCEV). The SF approach is employed in order to define an individual perceived expenditure limit specific to the trip taken into consideration: after accounting for total expenditure, socio-demographic characteristics and trip-related variables, I determine the latent consumption frontier for each individual in the sample. The MDCEV allows to simultaneously assess two expenditure decisions, namely the decision to allocate the budget to several non-mutually exclusive expenditure categories and the decision concerning the amount to allocate for each category. This is the first application of a joint SF-MDCEV model in the framework of tourism studies. In my third paper, I formulate a multiple discrete continuous probit (MDCP) model that can simultaneously accommodate (a) complementarity and rich substitution effects in consumption, and (b) multiple constraints (time constraint as well as money constraint) integrated into one single economic constraint. The vast majority of multiple discrete continuous frameworks employs additively separable utility functions, preventing the econometric frameworks from capturing complementarity and substitution patterns. Further, such frameworks assume that consumers maximize utility subject to a single constraint. Nevertheless, individuals' decisions may be affected by various constraints, such as time availability, money availability and space availability. Hence, it is of crucial importance to develop empirical frameworks that simultaneously shape multiple constraints along with complementarity and substitution patterns to better understand consumption decisions. This is perhaps the first attempt in the discrete choice literature to model multiple constraints and complementarity and substitution patterns in a unique empirical setting.